Docket No: CX03022USU (04CXT0006D)

Serial No.: 10/751,013

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

(Original) A DC offset correction system for a direct-conversion receiver that

includes a baseband section that has an input and an output, the DC offset correction system

comprising:

a DC feedback correction servo-loop in signal communication with the baseband section,

wherein the DC feedback correction servo-loop is coupled to both the input and output of the

baseband section; and

an attenuator within the DC feedback correction servo-loop.

2. (Original) The DC offset correction system of claim 1, wherein the DC feedback

correction servo-loop includes:

an integrator circuit in signal communication with the output of the baseband section; and

a combiner circuit in signal communication with the input of the baseband section.

3. (Original) The DC offset correction system of claim 2, wherein the attenuator is

capable of generating an attenuation coefficient k_{lb} .

4. (Original) The DC offset correction system of claim 3, wherein the attenuator

includes a resistor and a Sallen-Key RC filter.

PATENT Docket No: CX03022USU (04CXT0006D)

Serial No.: 10/751,013

5. (Original) The DC offset correction system of claim 2, wherein the integrator circuit is a RC filter.

- 6. (Original) The DC offset correction system of claim 2, wherein the integrator circuit is a non-RC filter.
- 7. (Original) The DC offset correction system of claim 1, wherein the attenuator is capable of generating an attenuation coefficient k_{fb} .
- 8. (Original) The DC offset correction system of claim 7, wherein the attenuator includes a resistor and a Sallen-Key RC filter.
- 9. (Original) The DC offset correction system of claim 8, further including a controller in signal communication with the baseband section and the attenuator.
- 10. (Original) The DC offset correction system of claim 3, further including a controller in signal communication with the baseband section and the attenuator.
- 11. (Original) The DC offset correction system of claim 1, further including a controller in signal communication with the baseband section and the attenuator.

08/30/2006 18:01 8183324205 THE ECLIPSE GROUP PAGE 09/18

PATENT

Docket No: CX03022USU (04CXT0006D)

Serial No.: 10/751,013

12. (Original) A DC offset correction system for a direct-conversion receiver that

includes a baseband section that has an input and an output, the DC offset correction system

comprising:

a DC feedback correction servo-loop in signal communication with the baseband section,

wherein the DC feedback correction servo-loop is coupled to both the input and output of the

baseband section; and

means for producing an attenuation coefficient k_{fb} within the DC feedback correction

servo-loop, the attenuation means in signal communication with the input of the baseband

section.

13. (Original) The DC offset correction system of claim 12, wherein the DC

feedback correction servo-loop includes:

a means for integrating a received signal from the output of the baseband section; and

a means for combining an attenuated feedback signal produced by the attenuation means

with received signals to the input of the baseband section.

14. (Canceled)

15. (Currently amended) The DC offset correction system of claim 13 [[14]],

wherein the attenuator means includes a resistor and a Sallen-Key RC filter.

- 8 -

Docket No: CX03022USU (04CXT0006D)

Serial No.: 10/751,013

15. 16. (Currently amended) The DC offset correction system of claim 13, wherein the means for integrating includes a RC filter.

16. 17. (Currently amended) The DC offset correction system of claim 13, wherein the means for integrating includes a non-RC filter.

17. 18. (Currently amended) A method for correcting for DC offset in a direct-conversion receiver that includes a baseband section that has an input and an output utilizing a DC offset correction system, the method comprising:

processing a received baseband output signal from the output of the baseband section to create a processed feedback signal;

attenuating the processed feedback signal with an attenuation coefficient k_{fb} to create an attenuated feedback signal;

transmitting the attenuated feedback signal to the input of the baseband section.

18. 19. (Currently amended) The method of claim 17 18, wherein processing includes integrating the received baseband output signal with an integrator circuit.

19: 20. (Currently amended) The method of claim 17 18, wherein attenuating includes generating the attenuation coefficient k_{fb} utilizing a resistor for a summation with a Sallen-Key RC filter.

Docket No: CX03022USU (04CXT0006D)

Serial No.: 10/751,013

- $\frac{20.21}{100}$. (Currently amended) The method of claim $\frac{19}{20}$, wherein the attenuation coefficient k_{fb} is implemented by the ratio of a feedback resistor over the resistor in the input path as Sallen-Key RC filter.
- 21. 22. (Currently amended) The method of claim 17 18, wherein transmitting includes combining the attenuated feedback signal with a <u>an</u> input signal that is being input into the baseband section.

Please add the following new claims:

- 23. (New) The DC offset correction system of claim 10, wherein the controller generates a control signal that adjusts the attenuation coefficient k_{fb} .
- 24. (New) The DC offset correction system of claim 10, wherein the controller generates a control signal that enables the attenuation coefficient k_{fb} to track the gain of the baseband section.
- 25. (New) The DC offset correction system of claim 3, wherein the DC feedback correction servo-loop is arranged to operate according to a high-pass transfer function as follows:

$$\frac{V_o}{V_i} = A_{ff} \frac{s}{s + \frac{A_{ff} k_{fb}}{RC}},$$

THE ECLIPSE GROUP

PATENT

Docket No: CX03022USU (04CXT0006D)

Serial No.: 10/751,013

where V_t is an input voltage into the system, V_o is an output voltage of the baseband section, s is a Laplace transform operator, A_{ff} is the forward gain of the baseband section, R is a resistance of the integrator circuit, and C is a capacitance of the integrator circuit.

- 26. (New) The DC offset correction system of claim 13, further including a controller in signal communication with the baseband section and the attenuator means.
- 27. (New) The DC offset correction system of claim 26, wherein the controller generates a control signal that adjusts the attenuation coefficient k_{tb} .
- 28. (New) The DC offset correction system of claim 26, wherein the controller generates a control signal that enables the attenuation coefficient k_{fb} to track the gain of the baseband section.
- 25. (New) The DC offset correction system of claim 13, wherein the DC feedback correction servo-loop is arranged to operate according to a high-pass transfer function as follows:

$$\frac{V_n}{V_i} = A_{ff} \frac{s}{s + \frac{A_{ff} k_{fb}}{RC}},$$

where V_i is an input voltage into the system, V_o is an output voltage of the baseband section, s is a Laplace transform operator, A_{ff} is the forward gain of the baseband section, R is a resistance of the integrator means, and C is a capacitance of the integrator means.

Docket No: CX03022USU (04CXT0006D)

Serial No.: 10/751,013

- 26. (New) The method of claim 18, further including controlling the attenuating wherein the attenuation coefficient k_b tracks the gain of the baseband section.
- 27. (New) The method of claim 19, wherein the feedback signal is processed in a DC feedback correction servo-loop of the DC offset correction system that is coupled to an input and an output of the baseband section, integrating includes operating an integrator circuit of the DC offset correction system, and the method further includes operating the DC feedback correction servo-loop according to a high-pass transfer function as follows:

$$\frac{V_o}{V_i} = A_{ff} \frac{s}{s + \frac{A_{ff} k_{fh}}{RC}},$$

where V_i is an input voltage into the system, V_o is an output voltage of the baseband section, s is a Laplace transform operator, A_{ff} is the forward gain of the baseband section, R is a resistance of the integrator circuit, and C is a capacitance of the integrator circuit.